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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/768,790	01/25/2001	Chang-nam Chu	Q62214	3920
7590 05/19/2004 SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. Washington, DC 20037-3202			EXAMINER	
			SINGH, RACHNA	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2176	

DATE MAILED: 05/19/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
	09/768,790	CHU, CHANG-NAM		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
	Rachna Singh	2176		
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	on appears on the cover sneet wi	th the correspondence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR F THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 of after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days of the No period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ION. CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a nion. s, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirt period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AB	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communication. ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	25 January 2001.	·		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ∑	n) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This action is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for a closed in accordance with the practice ur				
Disposition of Claims				
4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction is	thdrawn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9) The specification is objected to by the Exact 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the country. The oath or declaration is objected to by the country of the country	☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to to the drawing(s) be held in abeyar correction is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docu 2. Certified copies of the priority docu 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International E * See the attached detailed Office action for	uments have been received. uments have been received in A e priority documents have been Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage		
Attachment(s)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9-3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/Paper No(s)/Mail Date 9/15/03. S. Patent and Trademark Office	48) Paper No(s	Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 		

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This action is responsive to communications: Application filed 1/25/01.
- 2. Claims 1-14 are pending. Claims 1 and 9 are independent claims.

Priority

3. Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d). The certified copy has been filed on 1/25/01.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claims 1-2, 7-11, and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Chang et al., US 6,715,126 B1, 3/3/0/04 (filed 11/15/99, provisional filed 11/16/98).

In reference to claim 1, Chang teaches a method of delivering a presentation of web content comprised of media, such as audio and video having defined time increments, together with one or more other content sources such as images or events. See abstract. Chang's system comprises the following:

-A content creation tool for preparing the data in an appropriate format with data. The content creation tool can load graphics files, audio files, and text files. See abstract.

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See also column 3, lines 42-47, column 9, lines25-60, and figures 3 and 4. The content creation tool's information is used by a player to schedule its request from the servers on which the various images or events for the presentation reside. The multimedia presentation for display comprises primary media source having time increments and content from at least one secondary media source. The method comprises receiving user synchronization input regarding synchronization of the display of the content from a at least one secondary media source to time increments in the content from the primary media source. See column 12. Compare to 'an editor for loading graphics file, an audio file, and a text file. . .reproducing the graphics file and the text file in response to a second and third control signal which are generated in synchronization with the reproduction of the audio file respectively;"

- -The file comprising the primary (audio/video) and secondary (text, image, events) is created with the synchronization input and a schedule of actions is determined. See column 12. Compare to "a control signal generator for checking reproduction time information on the loaded audio file and generating the first through third control signals".
- -Creating a file for the graphic, audio, and text information. See column 12, lines 22-25.

 Compare to "a storage unit. . . reproduced by the editor"
- -Creating a multimedia presentation for display comprising content from primary and secondary media sources. See column 12, lines 12-18. Compare to "a multimedia file generator for generating the stored data as a multimedia file using a predetermined format".

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In reference to claim 2, Chang teaches selecting the content (audio, video, image, text, etc) from a file position. See also column 3, lines 42-47, column 9, lines25-60, and figures 3 and 4.

In reference to claim 7, Chang teaches creating a multimedia presentation for display comprising content from primary and secondary media sources. See column 12, lines 12-18.

In reference to claim 8, Chang teaches formatting the information in SMIL. See column 2, lines 55-67.

In reference to claim 9, Chang teaches a method of delivering a presentation of web content comprised of media, such as audio and video having defined time increments, together with one or more other content sources such as images or events. See abstract. Chang's system comprises the following:

-A content creation tool for preparing the data in an appropriate format with data. The content creation tool can load graphics files, audio files, and text files. See abstract. See also column 3, lines 42-47, column 9, lines25-60, and figures 3 and 4. The content creation tool's information is used by a player to schedule its request from the servers on which the various images or events for the presentation reside. The multimedia presentation for display comprises primary media source having time increments and content from at least one secondary media source. The method comprises receiving user synchronization input regarding synchronization of the display of the content from a at least one secondary media source to time increments in the content from the primary media source. See column 12. Chang discloses an audio button on the screen

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interfacing with the user that controls the audio in a media player. When a user launches the player by depressing the buttons, the contents are rendered and displayed in a synchronized presentation. See figure 4 and five and column 11, lines 45-67 and column 12. Compare to "loading a graphics file, an audio file, and a text file selected from a respective file position in a computer; reproducing the audio file.

..in synchronization with the audio reproduction when the user selects an audio reproduction starting button provided on the screen for interfacing with a user".

-Creating a file for the graphic, audio, and text information. See column 12, lines 22-25. Compare to "storing a reproduced graphic image and audio and text data".

-Creating a multimedia presentation for display comprising content from primary and secondary media sources. See column 12, lines 12-18. Compare to "generating...using a predetermined format".

In reference to claim 10, Chang teaches selecting the content (audio, video, image, text, etc) from a file position. See also column 3, lines 42-47, column 9, lines25-60, and figures 3 and 4.

In reference to claim 11, Chang teaches providing audio information in response to primary media sources. See column 12, lines 12-25. Chang discloses inputting information about objects in an Object List Box. The objects are associated with their critical times. The scheduling of the web content unit is the complete event which is executed at any of the prescribed time points in the presentation. A html parser in the tool extract information regarding the embedded image files and builds a web content unit that adds the data to parameters in the scheduling data block. See column 9, lines

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39-67 and column 10. Chang also teaches produce a variety of media sources such as video, graphics, text, etc. See figures 3 and 4.

In reference to claim 14, Chang teaches formatting the information in SMIL. See column 2, lines 55-67.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 3-6 and 12-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chang et al., US 6,715,126 B1, 3/3/0/04 (filed 11/15/99, provisional filed 11/16/98) in view of Underwood et al., US 6,697,825 B1, 2/24/04 (filed 8/30/00, provisional filed 11/5/99).

In reference to claim 3, Chang teaches providing audio information in response to primary media sources. See column 12, lines 12-25. Chang discloses inputting information about objects in an Object List Box. The objects are associated with their critical times. The scheduling of the web content unit is the complete event which is executed at any of the prescribed time points in the presentation. A html parser in the tool extract information regarding the embedded image files and builds a web content unit that adds the data to parameters in the scheduling data block. See column 9, lines 39-67 and column 10. Chang also teaches produce a variety of media sources such as

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video, graphics, text, etc. See figures 3 and 4. Chang does not teach the use of a text aligner for aligning text in a loaded text file or a reproducer for displaying the aligned text on the text window; however, Underwood teaches a text alignment mechanism. Underwood's text alignment allows for alignment of text in the cells of a table. The text is formatted to be displayed in a web site presentation layout. See column 18, lines 20-52 and figure 27. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Underwood's text alignment in the system of Chang since Underwood's system, as Chang's, is concerned with providing a multimedia presentation to a user comprised of images, text, audio, video, etc and providing a means to align text allows a user to adjust the spacing and appearance of the text. See column 18, lines 25-52 of Underwood.

In reference to claim 4, Underwood teaches that a user can set the number of pixels. See column 18 and figure 27. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine Underwood's text alignment in the system of Chang since Underwood's system, as Chang's, is concerned with providing a multimedia presentation to a user comprised of images, text, audio, video, etc and providing a means to align text allows a user to adjust the spacing and appearance of the text. See column 18, lines 25-52 of Underwood.

In reference to claims 5 and 6, Chang teaches that he multimedia presentation for display comprises primary media source having time increments and content from at least one secondary media source. The method comprises receiving user synchronization input regarding synchronization of the display of the content from a at

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least one secondary media source to time increments in the content from the primary media source. See column 12. Chang teaches that the file comprising the primary (audio/video) and secondary (text, image, events) is created with the synchronization input and a schedule of actions is determined. See column 12.

In reference to claim 12, Chang teaches providing audio information in response to primary media sources. See column 12, lines 12-25. Chang discloses inputting information about objects in an Object List Box. The objects are associated with their critical times. The scheduling of the web content unit is the complete event which is executed at any of the prescribed time points in the presentation. A html parser in the tool extract information regarding the embedded image files and builds a web content unit that adds the data to parameters in the scheduling data block. See column 9, lines 39-67 and column 10. Chang also teaches produce a variety of media sources such as video, graphics, text, etc. See figures 3 and 4. Chang does not teach the use of a text aligner for aligning text in a loaded text file or a reproducer for displaying the aligned text on the text window; however, Underwood teaches a text alignment mechanism. Underwood's text alignment allows for alignment of text in the cells of a table. The text is formatted to be displayed in a web site presentation layout. See column 18, lines 20-52 and figure 27. Chang discloses an audio button on the screen interfacing with the user that controls the audio in a media player. When a user launches the player by depressing the buttons, the contents are rendered and displayed in a synchronized presentation. See figure 4 and five and column 11, lines 45-67 and column 12. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to

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combine Underwood's text alignment in the system of Chang since Underwood's system, as Chang's, is concerned with providing a multimedia presentation to a user comprised of images, text, audio, video, etc and providing a means to align text allows a user to adjust the spacing and appearance of the text. See column 18, lines 25-52 of Underwood.

In reference to claim 13, Chang discloses an audio button on the screen interfacing with the user that controls the audio in a media player. When a user launches the player by depressing the buttons, the contents are rendered and displayed in a synchronized presentation. See figure 4 and five and column 11, lines 45-67 and column 12.

Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Boucher et al.

US 6,725,421 B1

Wason et al.

US 6,701,383 B1

Bergman et al.

US 6,564,263 B1

 Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rachna Singh whose telephone number is 703.305.1952. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:30-5).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Feild can be reached on 703.305.9792. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

RS 5/13/04

JOSEPH FEILD